

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A level converter for interfacing two circuits supplied by different supply
2 voltages, said level converter comprising:
3 a first buffer receiving an input signal, said first buffer being connected between a
4 virtual supply and a supply return;
5 a second buffer receiving an output of said first buffer, connected between a first
6 supply and said supply return; and
7 a supply select between said first supply and said virtual supply, said supply select
8 receiving an output from said second buffer and selectively passing a first supply voltage
9 on said first supply or a reduced supply voltage to said virtual supply line responsive to
10 said output from said second buffer output.
- 1 2. A level converter as in claim 1, wherein said second buffer is an inverter.
- 1 3. A level converter as in claim 1, wherein said supply select is a supply switch in
2 parallel with at least one diode, both connected between said first supply and said virtual
3 supply.
- 1 4. A level converter as in claim 3, wherein said supply switch is a field effect
2 transistor (FET) gated by said output of said second buffer and said at least one diode is a
3 diode connected FET.
- 1 5. A level converter as in claim 4, wherein said supply switch FET is a P-type FET
2 (PFET) and said at least one diode connected FET an N-type FET (NFET) diode.

1 6. A level converter as in claim 5, wherein said at least one diode connected NFET
2 is a pair of series connected NFET diodes.

1 7. A level converter as in claim 5, wherein said second buffer is a CMOS inverter.

1 8. A level converter as in claim 7, wherein said first buffer is a CMOS inverter.

1 9. A level converter as in claim 7, wherein said first buffer is a logic gate.

1 10. A level converter as in claim 7, wherein said logic gate is a NAND gate.

1 11. A level converter as in claim 5, wherein said CMOS inverter includes an NFET
2 having a threshold higher than other NFETs in said level converter.

1 12. A voltage level converter circuit comprising:
2 a first inverter with a first inverter input, a first inverter output, a first inverter
3 ground connected to a circuit ground, and a first inverter voltage supply;
4 a threshold drop element connected between a circuit high voltage supply and the
5 first inverter voltage supply;
6 a second inverter with a second inverter input connected to the first inverter
7 output, a second inverter output, a second inverter ground connected to the circuit
8 ground, and a second inverter voltage supply connected to the circuit high voltage supply;
9 and
10 a voltage feedback element connected between the circuit high voltage supply and
11 the first inverter voltage supply, the voltage feedback element having an input connected
12 to the second inverter output, wherein when the second inverter output has a low value,
13 the voltage feedback element causes the first inverter voltage supply to approach the
14 value of the circuit high voltage supply to make the first inverter output high thereby
15 eliminating a standby power in the second inverter.

- 1 13. A voltage level converter circuit, as in claim 12, wherein the threshold drop
2 element provides the first inverter voltage supply with a lower voltage than the circuit
3 high voltage supply when the first inverter input is high, whereby standby power is
4 substantially eliminated in the first inverter.
- 1 14. A circuit, as in claim 13, wherein the threshold drop element is at least one
2 transistor.
- 1 15. A circuit, as in claim 14, wherein the transistor is a field effect transistor (FET).
- 1 16. A circuit, as in claim 15, wherein at least one FET is a plurality of FETs.
- 1 17. A circuit, as in claim 14, where the FET is a high threshold voltage FET.
- 1 18. A circuit, as in claim 13, where the threshold drop element is a diode.
- 1 19. An integrated circuit (IC) comprising:
2 a plurality of circuit rows;
3 at least one low voltage island in at least one of said plurality of circuit rows,
4 circuit elements in each said at least one low voltage island being powered by a low
5 voltage (V_{ddl}) supply; and
6 at least one high voltage island in said at least one of said plurality of circuit rows,
7 circuit elements in each said at least one high voltage island being powered by a high
8 voltage (V_{ddh}) supply, V_{ddh} being a higher voltage than V_{ddl} ; and,
9 at least one level converter comprising:
10 a first buffer receiving an input signal from said at least one low voltage
11 island, said first buffer being connected between a virtual supply and a supply
12 return;

13 a second buffer receiving an output of said first buffer and connected
14 between V_{ddh} and said supply return; and
15 a supply select between V_{ddh} and said virtual supply return, said supply
16 select receiving an output from said second buffer and selectively passing V_{ddh} or
17 a reduced supply voltage to said virtual supply line responsive to said output from
18 said second buffer output.

1 20. An IC as in claim 19, wherein said second buffer is an inverter.

1 21. An IC as in claim 19, wherein said supply select is a supply switch in parallel
2 with at least one diode, both connected between said first supply and said virtual supply.

1 22. An IC converter as in claim 21, wherein said supply switch is a field effect
2 transistor (FET) gated by said output of said second buffer and said at least one diode is a
3 diode connected FET.

1 23. An IC as in claim 22, wherein said supply switch FET is a P-type FET (PFET)
2 and said at least one diode connected FET an N-type FET (NFET) diode.

1 24. An IC as in claim 23, wherein said at least one diode connected NFET is a pair of
2 series connected NFET diodes.

1 25. An IC as in claim 23, wherein said second buffer is a CMOS inverter.

1 26. An IC as in claim 25, wherein said first buffer is a CMOS inverter.

1 27. An IC as in claim 25, wherein said first buffer is a logic gate.

- 1 28. An IC as in claim 25, wherein said logic gate is a NAND gate receiving a
2 plurality of V_{ddl} inputs .
- 1 29. An IC as in claim 23, wherein said CMOS inverter includes an NFET having a
2 threshold higher than other NFETs in said level converter.
- 1 30. An IC as in claim 18, wherein said reduced supply voltage is below V_{ddl} .